



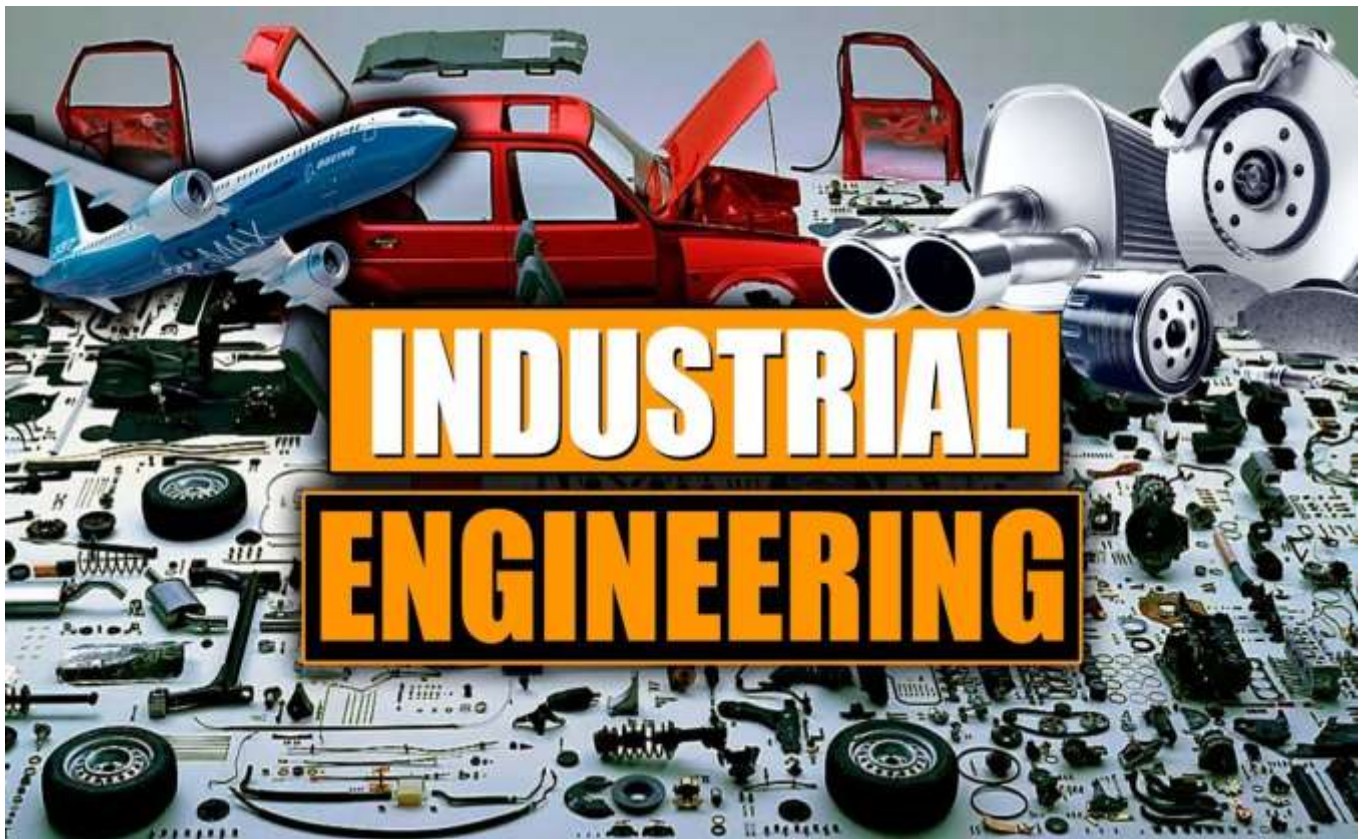
SREENIVASA INSTITUTE of TECHNOLOGY and MANAGEMENT STUDIES
(AUTONOMOUS)

(INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING & PSYCHOLOGY)

QUESTION BANK

IV - B.TECH / I - SEMESTER

REGULATION: R18



FACULTY INCHARGE
DESIGNATION
DEPARTMENT

PREPARED BY
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: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
: MECHANICAL



SREENIVASA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT STUDIES

(Autonomous)

DEPARTMENT of MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

QUESTION BANK
IV B. Tech I Semester

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING & PSYCHOLOGY (180MEC412)

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180MEC412 INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING & PSYCHOLOGY
(OPEN ELECTIVE - II)

Course Educational Objectives:

1. To learn the concepts of management and characteristics of personnel management and organization
2. To understand the organizational structures and plant layout for productivity improvements
3. To know the productivity, planning and control of a product
4. To discover the material handling techniques and Inventory control of manufacturing a product
5. To learn the industrial psychology and work study in an industry

UNIT – 1: CONCEPTS OF MANAGEMENT

Management: Importance of administration and organization – Managerial skills, policies, goals and objectives – Scientific management – Contribution of FW Taylor, Henry Foyal and Gilberth – Principles, types, process, levels and functions of management – Management chart – Basic concepts in project management and MIS – Industrial ownership – Responsibilities of supervisor/foreman – Leadership concepts.

Personnel Management: Recruitment, selection, training, job evaluation and merit rating – Wage plans and incentives – Welfare measures – Promotion, lay-off, transfer and discharge.

UNIT – 2: ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURES AND PLANT LAYOUT

Organization: Concept, importance, characteristics, elements, and process of organization – Organization theory, principle, structure, chart and committees – Project, matrix and informal organization – Departmentation – Authority and delegation – Group dynamics – Organizational change, development and conflict – Managerial leadership and communication system.

Plant Layout: Types –Flow pattern – Work station – Storage space – Layout procedure – Consideration in factory design.

UNIT – 3: PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL

Productivity: Input output model – Factors affecting the productivity – Productivity resources and measures. **Production Planning:** Continuous and intermittent production – Job, open and closed job shop – One time large projects – Forecasting – Process planning – Economical batch quantity – Tool control –Control of production – Loading, scheduling, dispatching and routing – Progress and flow control.

UNIT – 4: MATERIALS MANAGEMENT AND INVENTORY CONTROL

Materials Management: Concepts – Procurement – Purchase and order – Buying techniques. **Inventory Control:** Classification – Objectives – Functions – Economic order quantity (EOQ) – Inventory models –ABC analysis – Material requirements planning (MRP) – Manufacturing resource planning (MRP-II).

UNIT – 5: WORK STUDY AND INDUSTRIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Work study: Ergonomics principles – Method study – Process chart symbols – Flow process



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and multiple activity chart – Flow and string diagram – Operation analysis – Analysis of motion – Design of work place – Therbligs – SIMO chart – Time study – Standard data – Analytical estimating – Performance rating – Allowances – PMTS. **Industrial Psychology:** Concept – Individual and group – Motivation theories – Hawthorne experiment – Morale and motivation – Working and environmental condition – Industrial fatigue.

Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of the course, Students will be able to		POs related to COs
CO1	Understand the concepts of management and characteristics of personnel management and organization	PO1, PO11, PO12
CO2	Explain the organizational structures and plant layout for productivity improvements	PO1, PO2, PO11, PO12
CO3	Describe the productivity, planning and control of a product	PO1, PO2, PO11, PO12
CO4	Explain the material handling techniques and Inventory control of manufacturing a product	PO1, PO2, PO11, PO12
CO5	Demonstrate the industrial psychology and work study in an industry	PO1, PO2, PO11, PO12

Text Books:

1. Industrial Engineering and Management, 17/e, 2010, O.P. Khanna, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Industrial Engineering and Management, Pravin Kumar, 1/e, 2015, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

Reference books:

1. Production and Operations Management, S. N. Chary, 6/e, 2019, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt.Ltd., Noida.
2. Operations Management, William J Stevenson, 12/e, 2018, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., Noida.
3. Production and Operations Management, Shailendra Kale, 1/e, 2013, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., Noida.
4. Production and Operations Management, Kanishka Bedi, 3/e, 2013, Oxford University Press, India.



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QUESTION BANK

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Question No	Questions			
UNIT-I CONCEPTS OF MANAGEMENT				
PART-A (TWO MARK QUESTIONS)		C	B	P
		O	L	O
1.	Define the term scientific management	CO1	1,2	PO1
2.	Differentiate Beurecratic and Democratic leaders	CO1	1,2	PO1, PO11
3.	What is the role of administration in industry?	CO1	1	PO1
4.	what is the difference between policy and objective?	CO1	1	PO1
5.	What is the need of Management Information System?	CO1	1	PO1
6.	Who is father of scientific management and father of modern management?	CO1	1	PO1
7.	What is the role of supervisor in an industry?	CO1	1	PO11
8.	According to Fayol what is meant by Esprit de corps and unity of command	CO1	1	PO1
9.	Define management and list out different types of management	CO1	1,2	PO12
10.	List out the different skills required by a manager?	CO1	1	PO1
PART-B (TEN MARKS QUESTIONS)				
1.	State the important characteristics of management and Demonstrate Management contribution of FW Taylor towards Scientific Management.	CO1	1,2	PO1, PO12
2.	Demonstrate Management contribution of Henry Fayol towards Scientific Management.	CO1	1,2	PO1, PO12
3.	Define management and explain Process of management	CO1	1	PO1
4.	Define industrial ownership and explain different types of industrial ownerships	CO1	1,3	PO1, PO11
5.	Explain various skills required by a manager	CO1	1	PO1
6.	Name and describe the various Functions of management	CO1	1	PO1
7.	Discuss in detail Levels in management and types of management	CO1	1	PO1
8.	Explain different types of leaderships and what are the qualities required for a good leadership	CO1	1	PO1, PO11
9.	Discuss in detail Recruitment and selection process	CO1	1	PO1, PO11
10	What is the importance and functions of HRM	CO1	1	PO11



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QUESTION BANK

Question No	Questions			
UNIT-2: ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURES AND PLANT LAYOUT				
PART-A (TWO MARK QUESTIONS)		C O	B L	P O
1.	Define flat organization	CO2	1	PO1
2.	Which layout is suitable for ship building industries, define that?	CO2	1.2	PO1, PO2
3.	Define military organization why is it called so?	CO2	1	PO1
4.	Define product layout and mention where it is applicable?	CO2	1.2	PO1, PO2
5.	Write a definition for delegation and authority?	CO2	1	PO1
6.	Define process layout and mention where it is applicable?	CO2	1.2	PO1, PO2
7.	Define departmentation and list out various types of departmentation?	CO2	1.2	PO1
8.	Define plant layout	CO2	1	PO1
9.	What is organizational change and mention types of changes in organization?	CO2	1.2	PO1
10.	Define group dynamics and name the stages in group development?	CO2	1	PO1
PART-B (TEN MARKS QUESTIONS)				
1.	Explain different types of plant layouts.	CO2	1,2	PO1, PO12
2.	Explain the following organizations with its merits and demerits. a) Functional organization b) Matrix organization c) Project organization	CO2	1,2	PO1, PO11
3.	Demonstrate different types of flow patterns	CO2	1,2	PO1
4.	Describe the different types of departmentation with neat sketch? Write merits and demerits of departmentation.	CO2	1	PO1, PO12
5.	What is the importance of organisation and discuss various steps involved in process of organisation?	CO2	1	PO1
6.	What do you mean by organizational chart and explain different types of organizational chart with neat sketch?	CO2	1,2	PO1, PO11
7.	Define managerial leadership and explain Blake and Moutons grid chart	CO2	1,2	PO1, PO11
8.	Define delegation and discuss various steps involved in process of delegation.	CO2	1	PO1
9.	Define organization and explain different types of organization structure with advantages and disadvantages?	CO2	1	PO1
10.	Explain plant layout procedure and Consideration in Factory design	CO2	1,3	PO1, PO11



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INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING & PSYCHOLOGY (180MEC412)

Question No	Questions																									
UNIT-3: PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL																										
PART-A (TWO MARK QUESTIONS)		C	B	P																						
		O	L	O																						
1.	Define production and productivity?	CO3	1	PO1																						
2.	What is meant by process planning?	CO3	1,2	PO1																						
3.	Define scheduling and why it is needed in industry?	CO3	1	PO1																						
4.	Define forecasting and forecasting error?	CO3	1,2	PO1, PO2																						
5.	Write about Brass Ring System and M.C. Caskey System	CO3	1	PO1																						
6.	Define continuous production system and mention where it is applicable?	CO3	1,2	PO1, PO2																						
7.	Write about routing and dispatching	CO3	1,2	PO1																						
8.	Control System in Production Involves Four Stages mention them	CO3	1	PO1																						
9.	Differentiate between closed job shop and open job shop?	CO3	1,2	PO1																						
10	What is Master Production Scheduling (MPS) and write any two objectives of MPS	CO3	1	PO11																						
PART-B (TEN MARKS QUESTIONS)																										
1.	Define input output productivity model and explain three productivity measures	CO3	1	PO1																						
2.	Find the partial productivity and total productivity for a company for which the following data is available Labor input is Rs 4500, Material input is Rs 3000, Capital input is Rs 4500, Energy input is Rs 1500, other input expenses Rs 750 and output is Rs 15000. Assume the above values are in constant with respect to base period.	CO3	1,3	PO1, PO2																						
3.	Describe continuous and intermitted production system with characteristics, advantages and limitations.	CO3	1,2	PO1																						
4.	For given data generate the forecast for each of time period using simple moving average for n=3	CO3	1,3	PO1, PO2																						
	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <tr> <td>Period</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> <td>7</td> <td>8</td> <td>9</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Demand</td> <td>240</td> <td>460</td> <td>530</td> <td>360</td> <td>190</td> <td>290</td> <td>510</td> <td>460</td> <td>?</td> <td>?</td> </tr> </table>	Period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Demand	240	460	530	360	190	290	510	460	?	?			
Period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10																
Demand	240	460	530	360	190	290	510	460	?	?																
5.	For given data generate the forecast for each of time period using weighted moving average for n=4	CO3	1,3	PO1, PO2																						
	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <tr> <td>Period</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> <td>7</td> <td>8</td> <td>9</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Demand</td> <td>240</td> <td>460</td> <td>530</td> <td>360</td> <td>190</td> <td>290</td> <td>510</td> <td>460</td> <td>?</td> <td>?</td> </tr> </table>	Period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Demand	240	460	530	360	190	290	510	460	?	?			
Period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10																
Demand	240	460	530	360	190	290	510	460	?	?																
6.	The sales of a car in 6 consecutive years are given in following table, with smoothing constant of 0.1 find forecast for next year	CO3	1,3	PO1, PO2																						
	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <tr> <td>Period</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Demand</td> <td>650</td> <td>700</td> <td>810</td> <td>800</td> <td>900</td> <td>700</td> <td>?</td> </tr> </table>	Period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Demand	650	700	810	800	900	700	?									
Period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7																			
Demand	650	700	810	800	900	700	?																			

7.	Define economic batch quantity. Derive equation for the same.	CO3	1.2	PO1, PO2
8.	Define Scheduling. Compare and contrast forward and backward scheduling	CO3	1.2	PO1, PO2
9.	Define Loading. Illustrate Vertical Loading and Horizontal Loading with an example	CO3	1.2	PO1, PO2
10.	Define productivity. Explain different factors affecting productivity.	CO3	1	PO12



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DEPARTMENT of MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING & PSYCHOLOGY (180MEC412)

QUESTION BANK

Question No	Questions																																			
UNIT-4: MATERIALS MANAGEMENT AND INVENTORY CONTROL																																				
PART-A (TWO MARK QUESTIONS)		C O	B L P O																																	
1.	Define material management with objectives	CO4	1.2 PO1																																	
2.	What are the functions of material management?	CO4	1.2 PO1																																	
3.	Write any two advantages and disadvantages of centralized purchasing?	CO4	1 PO1																																	
4.	What is the function of purchasing department?	CO4	1 PO1																																	
5.	List out the buying techniques and explain any one of them?	CO4	1 PO1																																	
6.	If 24000 speakers are produced and are used at rate of 8000 per month and cost per unit is 1/2 find optimum economic order quantity?	CO4	1,3 PO1, PO2																																	
7.	Write a definition of tender? What are the different tenders available?	CO4	1 PO1																																	
8.	Define inventory and inventory control	CO4	1 PO1																																	
9.	Write a short note on inventory classification?	CO4	1 PO1																																	
10.	What are the methods used in inventory management and define them?	CO4	1 PO1																																	
PART-B (TEN MARKS QUESTIONS)																																				
1.	Define Inventory. Why do industries keep inventory?	CO4	1 PO1																																	
2.	Describe the different types of inventory models.	CO4	1 PO1																																	
3.	Define economic order quantity. Derive equation for the same	CO4	1.2 PO1, PO2																																	
4.	Prepare ABC analysis for on the following sample of items <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse; width: 80%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">Item</th> <th style="width: 10%;">A</th> <th style="width: 10%;">B</th> <th style="width: 10%;">C</th> <th style="width: 10%;">D</th> <th style="width: 10%;">E</th> <th style="width: 10%;">F</th> <th style="width: 10%;">G</th> <th style="width: 10%;">H</th> <th style="width: 10%;">I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">J</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Consumption</td> <td style="text-align: center;">300</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2800</td> <td style="text-align: center;">300</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1100</td> <td style="text-align: center;">40</td> <td style="text-align: center;">220</td> <td style="text-align: center;">150</td> <td style="text-align: center;">800</td> <td style="text-align: center;">600</td> <td style="text-align: center;">80</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Unit Price</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">100</td> <td style="text-align: center;">50</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Item	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	Consumption	300	2800	300	1100	40	220	150	800	600	80	Unit Price	10	15	10	5	5	100	50	5	15	10	CO4	1.2 PO1, PO2
Item	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J																										
Consumption	300	2800	300	1100	40	220	150	800	600	80																										
Unit Price	10	15	10	5	5	100	50	5	15	10																										
5.	Discuss briefly about various techniques available for inventory control	CO4	1 PO11																																	
6.	what is meant by material requirement planning (MRP) and describe various inputs and outputs of MRP	CO4	1.2 PO1, PO11																																	
7.	With the help of neat diagram explain the following terms: (i) Economic Order Quantity (ii) Lead Time (iii) Re-order Point iv) safety stock	CO4	1.2 PO1, PO2																																	
8.	A factory uses annually 24,000 units of raw material which costs Rs 125 per unit placing each order costs Rs 25 and carrying cost is 6% per year of the average inventory. i) Find EOQ and total inventory cost including cost of material ii) The factory works for 320 days a year. If the procurement time is 10 days and safety stock is 450 units, find the re order point, maximum and minimum inventory level.	CO4	1.3 PO1, PO2																																	
9.	What are the functions of inventory? Describe the cost associated with the inventories.	CO4	1.2 PO1, PO2																																	

10	<p>A factory uses annually 24,000 units of raw material which costs Rs 125 per unit placing each order costs Rs 25 and carrying cost is 6% per year of the average inventory.</p> <p>i) find out the economic order quantity?</p> <p>ii) how many orders to be placed in a year?</p> <p>iii) what is the total inventory cost for the year including the cost of material?</p>	CO4	1.3	PO1, PO2
11	<p>A plant manager of a chemical plant must determine the lot size for a particular chemical that has a steady demand of 30 barrels per day The production rate is 190 barrels per day, annual demand is 10500 barrels, setup cost is Rs 200, Annual holding cost is Rs 0.21 per barrel and plant operates 350 days per year?</p> <p>a) determine economic product lot size</p> <p>b) determine total annual cost</p> <p>c) determine time between orders</p> <p>d) determine production time per lot</p>	CO4	1.3	PO1, PO2



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QUESTION BANK

Question No	Questions			
UNIT-5: WORK STUDY AND INDUSTRIAL PSYCHOLOGY				
PART-A (TWO MARK QUESTIONS)		C	B	P
		O	L	O
1.	Define ERGONOMICS? what are the objectives of ergonomics?	CO5	1	PO1
2.	What are the various process chart symbols used mention them?	CO5	2	PO1
3.	Write a short note on multiple activity chart?	CO5	1	PO1
4.	“SIMO” stands for? why SIMO chart is used?	CO5	1	PO1
5.	Define PMTS and what is the primary use of PMTS?	CO5	1	PO1,
6.	Define the terms industrial psychology and industrial fatigue	CO5	1	PO1
7.	In which areas Hawthorne conducted his experiments?	CO5	1,2	PO11
8.	Herzberg’s Theory is based on what kind of factors	CO5	1.2	PO1, PO11
9.	What is the objective of time study and method study?	CO5	1.2	PO1
10	Define personnel management?	CO5	1	PO1
PART-B (TEN MARKS QUESTIONS)				
1.	State and explain the steps involved in method study procedure	CO5	1,2	PO1
2.	Explain outline process chart and flow process chart with an example	CO5	1	PO1, PO12
3.	Describe the Maslow’s Hierarchy of human needs	CO5	1	PO1, PO11
4.	State and explain the Douglas Mc-Gregor’s Theory X and Theory	CO5	1	PO1
5.	Describe the Hertzberg’s Two factor theory of motivation	CO5	1	PO1, PO11
6.	Illustrate stop watch time study procedure to calculate standard time of a job	CO5	1.2	PO1, PO2
7.	Name various types of charts available for recording the data. Explain them in detail.	CO5	1.2	PO1, PO12
8.	Describe the steps involved in SIMO chart and What is therblig. List the table with details	CO5	1	PO1, PO2
9.	Discuss principles of motion economy related to human body and work place arrangement?	CO5	1.2	PO1, PO2
10.	What is the purpose of string diagram and explain it with an example?	CO5	1.2	PO1, PO11

ALL THE BEST